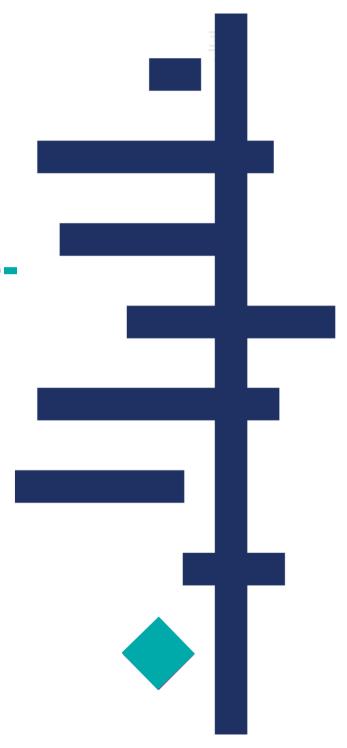


The importance and challenges of evidence-based practice in optometry

Professor John Lawrenson

Centre for Applied Vision Research City University of London

Trusted evidence.
Informed decisions.
Better health.

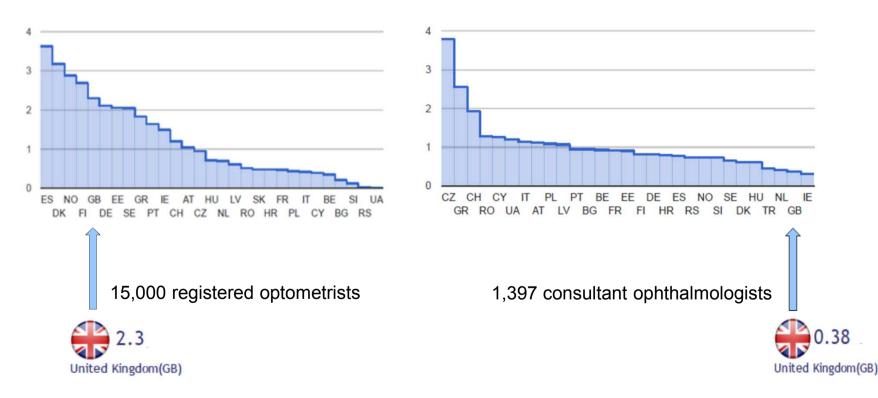




Relative size of the optometry profession

Number of optometrists per 10K of population

Number of ophthalmologists per 10K of population







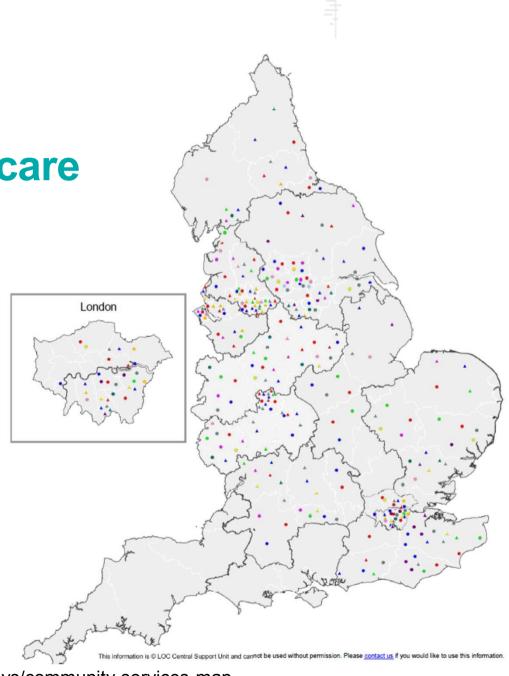
Evolving scope of optometric practice

- The traditional role of optometrists involves sight testing, the provision of optical appliances and opportunistic screening for eye disease as part of General Ophthalmic Services
- In recent years the scope of community optometric practice has expanded to encompass roles in referral refinement (e.g. glaucoma and cataract) and the treatment of a range of non sight-threatening eye conditions
- Specialist hospital-based optometrists continue to provide key roles in glaucoma and medical retina clinics and eye casualty











Evidence-based practice and optometry

- Given their role in case-finding optometrists need to be conversant with the evidence regarding diagnostic test accuracy
- With the expansion of their scope of practice it is becoming increasingly important that optometrist's treatment decisions are supported by high-quality clinical evidence
- Since the majority of their patients are disease-free optometrist's also have an important role in preventative eye care and therefore should be aware of the evidence underpinning strategies that target modifiable risk factors





Cochrane Reviews on Nutritional Supplementation

Antioxidant vitamin and mineral supplements for preventing age-related macular degeneration (Review)

Evans JR, Lawrenson JG

Antioxidant vitamin and mineral supplements for slowing the progression of age-related macular degeneration (Review)

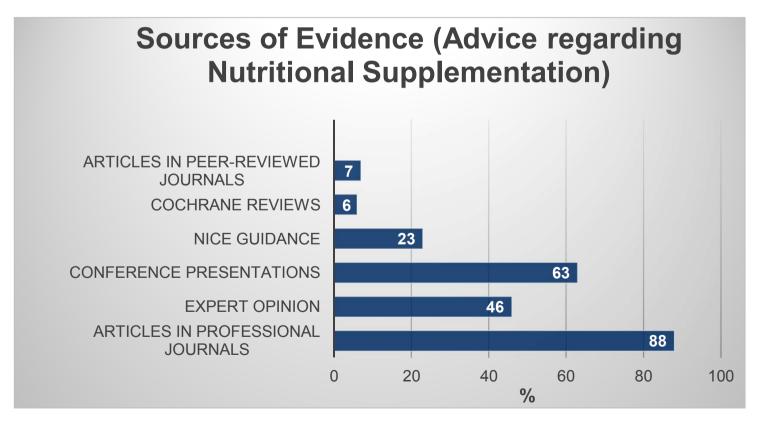
Evans JR, Lawrenson JG

Omega 3 fatty acids for preventing or slowing the progression of age-related macular degeneration (Review)





Sources of evidence informing optometrists clinical decision-making



Lawrenson JG, Evans JR.. BMC Public Health. 2013;13:564.



Dietary supplements for eye health











Sources of evidence informing optometrists clinical decision-making





Category: Health, Feature

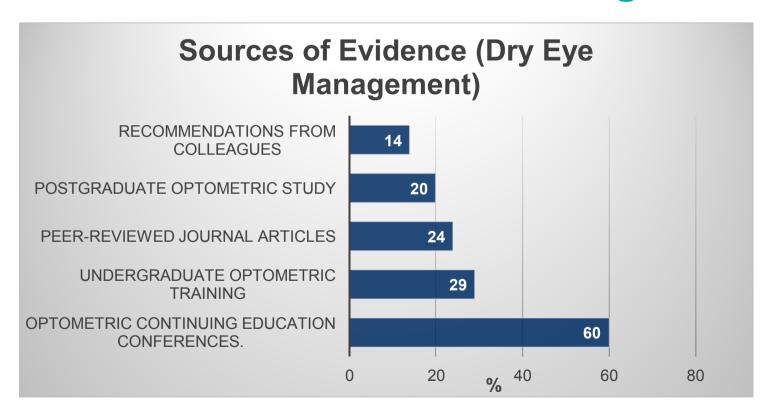


Ithough the link between a healthy diet and ocular health isn't as strong as it is with other conditions, research has shown that consuming the right nutritional balance can help prevent the development of numerous eye conditions.





Sources of evidence informing optometrists clinical decision-making







College of Optometrists

- The College of Optometrists is the professional body for UK optometry
- It plays a leading role in raising awareness of evidencebased practice through their guidance for professional practice
- Development and maintenance of Clinical Management Guidelines to support specialist therapeutic prescribers
- Commissions primary research and evidence syntheses of relevance to optometry





Using evidence in practice

Dietary interventions in AMD

Have you ever stopped to think about the evidence behind the tr do you know that the treatment is right for them?

This series, Using evidence in practice, sets out a summary of that there is a solid foundation behind the recommendations you mal

A recent paper summarised the results of three Cochrane system whether nutritional supplements prevent or slow the progression (AMD)



There is no good evidence from randomised controlled trials that the general population should be taking antioxidant vitamin supplements to reduce their risk of developing AMD later on in





Beta-carotene and vitamin E seem to Increase mortality, and so may higher doses of vitamin A. There is an increased risk of lung cancer associated with betacarotene supplementation.

nourished population.



There is moderate quality evidence that people with AMD may experience a delay in progression by taking specific antioxidant vitamin and mineral supplements. This finding is drawn from one large randomised controlled trial conducted in the USA in a relatively well-

Want to know more? Read the paper here: www.college-optometrists.org/AMD-Diet

between diet and AMD.

OPHTHALMIC & PHYSIOLOGICAL OPTICS THE JOURNAL OF THE COLLEGE OF OPTOMETRISTS



Ophthalmic & Physiological Optics ISSN 0275-5408

INVITED REVIEW

A review of the evidence for dietary interventions in preventing or slowing the progression of age-related macular degeneration

Jennifer R. Evans¹ and John G. Lawrenson²

International Centre for Dye Health, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, London, UK and ³Distrion of Optometry and Visual Science, City University Landon, London, UK

Obtaion information: Dwm. If & Lawrenco IC. A review of the evidence for dietary interventions in preventing or slowing the progression of agerelated magzilar degeneration. Ophthelmic Physiol Opt 2014; 34: 390–396. doi: 10.1111/opp.12142.









Advanced Clear Lens Coating that Filters Harmful Blue Light

WITH BLUE LIGHT FILTER LENS







With Blue Light Filter Lens

ARE YOU EXPERIENCING THESE SYMPTOMS WHEN USING DIGITAL SCREENS







Blurred Vision

Device

Protecting Eyes From'Bad' Blue Light



Blue Light Filter Lens employ a proprietary technology which able to reduce harmful blue light by -50% and eliminate glares from digital screens.



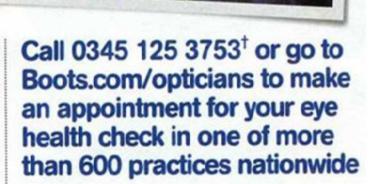
Have you seen the (blue) light?

Did you know that some blue light, from smartphone screens to sunshine, can affect your eyes? Luckily Boots Opticians can help

iving in the modern world has lots of exciting advantages, not least the fact that we now have computers small enough to fit in our pockets, so we can stay in touch anywhere and everywhere.

But did you know that there are lots of factors in your daily life that could be affecting your – and your family's – eyes? Many modern gadgets, whether it's a fancy LED TV or your smartphone, as well as sunlight and energy-saving light bulbs, give off a certain kind of blue light that can cause your retinal cells to deteriorate over time.

There's no need to issue a ban on technology or spending





Have you seen the (blue) light? Did you know that some blue light, from smartphone screens to sunshine, can affect your eyes?

Many modern gadgets, whether it's a fancy LED TV or your smartphone, as well as sunlight and energy saving bulbs give off a certain kind of blue light that can cause your retinal cells to degenerate over time

so we can stay in touch anywhere and everywhere.

But did you know that there are lots of factors in your daily life that could be affecting your – and your family's – eyes?

Many modern gadgets, whether it's a fancy LED TV or your smartphone, as well as sunlight and energy-saving light bulbs, give off a certain kind of blue light that can cause your retinal cells to deteriorate over time.

There's no need to issue a ban on technology or spending

Call 0345 125 3753' or go to Boots.com/opticians to make an appointment for your eye health check in one of more than 600 practices nationwide

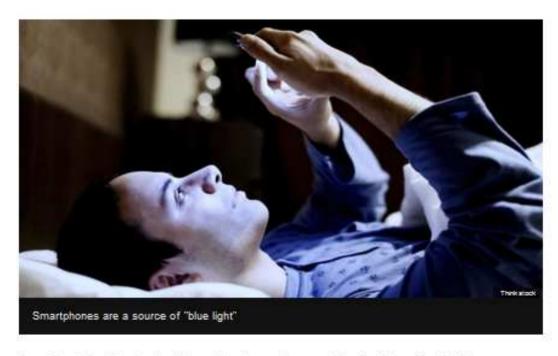




Health

'Misleading' Boots eye advert banned

() 28 October 2015 | Health



An advert for Boots Opticians has been banned for "misleading" claims that blue light, emitted from smartphones and other gadgets, damages eyesight.

The Advertising Standards Authority said there was insufficient evidence to prove a direct link between blue light and retinal damage.





'Misleading' Boots eye advert banned

(3) 28 October 2015 | Health

ASA Ruling

'Boots did not provide evidence that a modest 20% reduction in the amount of harmful blue light entering the eye would lead to a significant reduction in the amount of retinal damage caused by exposure, as implied by the ad. In the context of an ad which purported that harmful blue light was damaging to retinal cells and implied that the majority, if not all, harmful blue light was filtered out by Boots' lens coating before it reached the retina, we did not consider the evidence was adequate to support the implied claim made. We therefore concluded the ad was misleading.'

Smartphones are a source of "blue light"

An advert for Boots Opticians has been banned for "misleading" claims that blue light, emitted from smartphones and other gadgets, damages eyesight.

The Advertising Standards Authority said there was insufficient evidence to prove a direct link between blue light and retinal damage.







REGISTER FOR A FREE CET

CLICK HERE

ACUVUE®, 1-DAY ACUVUE® MOIST and INTUISIGHT® are trademarks of Johnson & Johnson Medical Ltd. O Johnson & Johnson Medical Ltd. 2016 08NovUK1977

Home CET News Clinical ▼ Management ▼ Eyewear ▼ Contact Lenses ▼ Opinion Events Jobs ▼ Subscribe ▼ Sign In

a

GOC fines Boots for misleading advert











Author: Simon Jones Published: 26/05/2017

Boots Opticians Professional Services has received a fine of £40,000 after a General Optical Council fitness to practise committee ruled it damaged the public's trust in the profession with a misleading consumer advert for its Boots Blue Protect lenses.

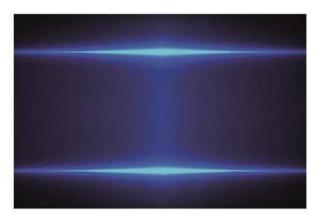
The multiple admitted failure in ensuring the content for the advert, placed in The Times in January 2015, was backed up by evidence to support claims within the copy that the lenses protected patients from harmful blue light and retinal damage over a prolonged period. The allegation of failing to ensure the advert received prior approval by a registrant was also admitted.

Boots Opticians was found guilty of misconduct and the panel ruled its fitness to practise was impaired by virtue of lack of insight into its action immediately after the advert was published.

The committee noted the new approval structure Boots had implemented to prevent similar adverts appearing in future, but remained mindful that mitigating factors should carry less weight when considering sanctions in a case of this type.

See In Focus in next week's Optician for more on the hearing.

Related articles





WHAT DO YOU THINK OF **OUR WEBSITE?**

PLEASE LET US KNOW BY TAKING THIS SHORT SURVEY





Editor's choice







CLICK HERE

ACUVUE®: 1-DAY ACUVUE® MOIST and INTUISIGHT® are trademarks of Johnson & Johnson Medical Ltd C Johnson & Johnson Medical Ltd. 2016 08NovUK1977

Home CET News Clinical ▼ Management ▼ Eyewear ▼ Contact Lenses ▼ Opinion Events Jobs ▼ Subscribe ▼ Sign In

a

GOC fines Boots for misleading advert





Boots Opticians Professional Services has received a fine of £40,000 after a General Optical Council fitness to practise committee rules it damaged the public's trust in the profession with a misleading advert for its Boots Blue **Protect lenses**

advert, placed in The Times in January 2015, was backed up by evidence to support claims within the copy that the lenses protected patients from harmful blue light and retinal damage over a prolonged period. The allegation of failing to ensure the advert received prior approval by a registrant was also admitted.

Boots Opticians was found guilty of misconduct and the panel ruled its fitness to practise was impaired by virtue of lack of insight into its action immediately after the advert was published.

The committee noted the new approval structure Boots had implemented to prevent similar adverts appearing in future, but remained mindful that mitigating factors should carry less weight when considering sanctions in a case of this type.

See In Focus in next week's Optician for more on the hearing.

Related articles



PLEASE LET US KNOW BY TAKING THIS SHORT SURVEY

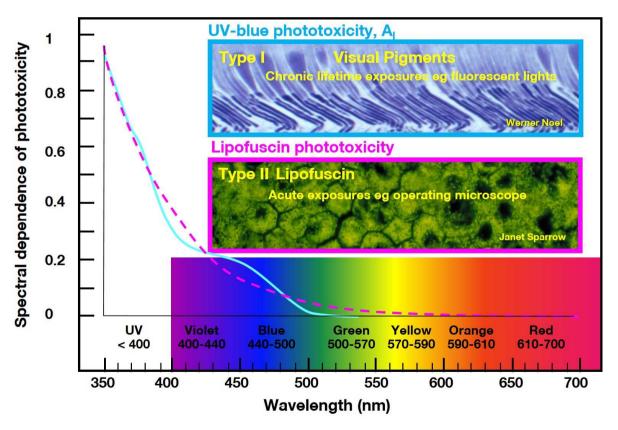


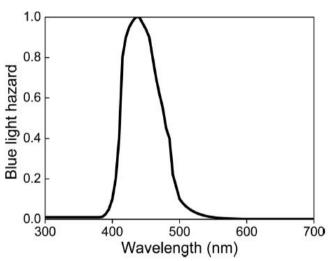


Editor's choice



Blue Light Hazard



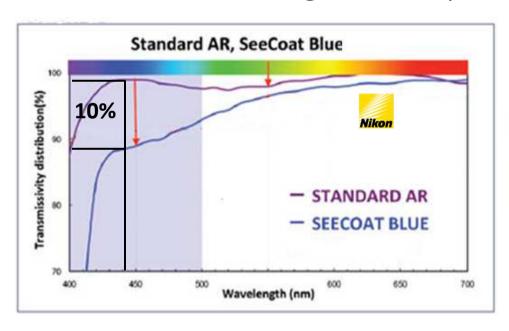


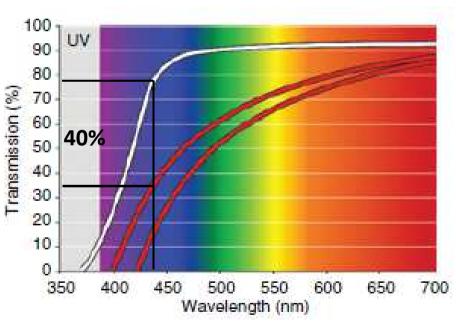
Peak of blue light hazard at 440nm



Blue Blocking Lenses

Blue light hazard peaks at 440nm





5 yr old versus 50 yr old lens

https://www.2020mag.com/ce/TTViewTest.aspx?LessonId=108654

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10701805





Professional Excellence in Eye Health

Using evidence in practice

The efficacy of blueblocking spectacle lenses for visual comfort and as protection against macular disease

Have you ever st treatments you o treatment is righ

This series, Using a for you, so that yo recommendations

Professors John La of the evidence by





Ophthalmic & Physiological Optics ISSN 0275-5408

What you should know



The best scientific evidence currently available does not support the use of blue-blocking spectacle learness in the general population to improve visual performance, alleviate the symptoms of eye tatigue or visual decomfort, improve sleep quality or conserve macula health.



A systematic literature raviewwas undertaken as part of the development process for this guideline (search date 02.05.17). Three randomised controlled trials that met the review's inclusion criteria were identified.



When considering the evidence for the use of blue-blocking spectacle lenses, four questions were arthresser.

- Are blue-blocking spectacle lenses effective in improving visual performance?
- Are blue-blocking spectacle lenses effective in alleviating the symptoms of visual fatigue or discomfort?
- Are there any structural changes in the macula following the intervention?
- Are blue-blocking spectacle lenses effective in improving sleep quality?

The effect of blue-light blocking spectacle lenses on visual performance, macular health and the sleep-wake cycle: a systematic review of the literature

John G Lawrenson¹ (i), Christopher C Hull¹ (i) and Laura E Downie² (ii)

¹Centre for Applied Vision Research, Division of Optometry and Visual Science, City University of London, London, UK, and ²Department of Optometry and Vision Sciences, The University of Melbourne, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

Citation information: Lawrenson JG, Hull CC & Downie LE. The effect of blue-light blocking spectacle lenses on visual performance, macular health and the sleep-wake cycle: a systematic review of the literature. Ophthalmic Physiol Opt 2017; 37: 644–654. https://doi.org/10.1111/opo.12406

Want to know more? Read the full paper at: www.college-optometrists.org/BlueBlocking





Professional Excellence in Eye Health

CONCLUSIONS: We find a lack of high quality evidence to support using blue-blocking spectacle lenses for the general population to improve visual performance or sleep quality, alleviate eye fatigue or conserve macular health.

What you should know



The best scientific evidence currently available does not support the use of blue-blocking spectacle lenses in the general population to improve visual performance, alleviate the symptoms of eye fatigue or visual decomfort, improve sleep quality or conserve macula health.



A systematic literature review was undertaken as part of the development process for this guideline (search date 02.05.17). Three randomised controlled trials that met the review's inclusion criteria were identified.



When considering the evidence for the use of blue-blocking spectacle lenses, four questions were arbitrarior.

- Are blue-blocking spectacle lenses effective in improving visual performance?
- Are blue-blocking spectacle lenses effective in alleviating the symptoms of visual fatigue or discomfort?
- Are there any structural changes in the macula following the intervention?
- Are blue-blocking spectacle lenses effective in improving sleep quality?

The effect of blue-light blocking spectacle lenses on visual performance, macular health and the sleep-wake cycle: a systematic review of the literature

John G Lawrenson¹ (i), Christopher C Hull¹ (ii) and Laura E Downie² (ii)

¹Centre for Applied Vision Research, Division of Optometry and Visual Science, City University of London, London, UK, and ²Department of Optometry and Vision Sciences, The University of Melbourne, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

Citation information: Lawrenson JG, Hull CC & Downie LE. The effect of blue-light blocking spectacle lenses on visual performance, macular health and the sleep-wake cycle: a systematic review of the literature. Ophthalmic Physiol Opt 2017; 37: 644–654. https://doi.org/10.1111/opo.12406

Want to know more? Read the full paper at: www.college-optometrists.org/BlueBlocking



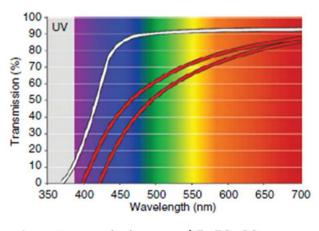


Cochrane Reviews on Blue-blocking lenses

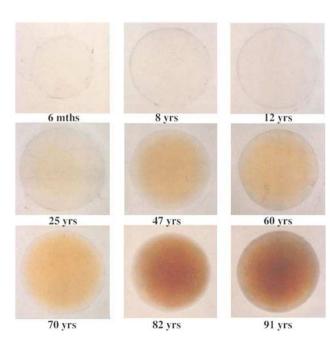
Blue-light filtering intraocular lenses (IOLs) for protecting macular health (Protocol)

Downie LE, Busija L, Keller PR





Lens transmission aged 5, 50, 80 years







Summary

- Optometrists are a major provider of primary eyecare in the UK
- With the continuing expansion of their scope of practice it is increasingly important that optometrist's clinical decisionmaking is informed by the best available research evidence
- The College of Optometrists continues to play a key role in the promotion of evidence-based practice through the development of clinical guidelines, commissioning relevant research and raising awareness of the evidence using accessible formats